Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Locational knowledge	-Begin to locate some of the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America  -Use and interpret maps to identify the location of earthquake zones and major cities across the world  -Identify the position and significance of latitude and longitude, Prime/ Greenwich Meridian and time zones including day and night	-Locate some of the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America  -Name and locate a number of counties, cities and geographical regions of the United Kingdom using maps  -Use and interpret maps, including identifying the position and significance of the Equator, Northern Hemisphere and Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circle  -Use and interpret maps including being able to identify the location of climate zones and biomes  -Identify the position and significance of the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn.	-Locate a growing number of the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America  -Name and locate a growing number of European countries and their capital cities.  -Use and interpret maps to identify the location of mountain ranges, distribution of volcanoes and world rivers	-Confidently and accurately locate a growing number of the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America  -Name and locate a number of counties and cities of the United Kingdom and be able to comment on how land-use patterns and topography has changed over time  -Name and locate key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers) in the United Kingdom

Place knowledge	-Develop an awareness of the United Kingdom and its location in comparison to the rest of the world  -Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in North or South America and the United Kingdom	-Know how the locality of the school is set within a wider geographical area  -Compare the human and physical features of a region of the United Kingdom with the local area.	-Recognise and examine geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography in a region of Europe and the United Kingdom	-Recognise, examine and comment on geographical similarities and differences between different regions of the United Kingdom
Human and physical geography	-Identify key features of earthquakes -Identify key features of major cities -Describe and understand key aspects of human geography in relation to settlement and land use -Use key geographical vocabulary relating to a specific topic e.g. megacity, population, epicentre, magnitude etc.	-Understand and describe the climate zones  -Understand and describe the biomes and vegetation belts  -Identify human and physical characteristics of key geographical regions in the United Kingdom.  -Use key geographical vocabulary relating to a specific topic e.g. sustainability, biomes, Tropics of Capricorn, Tropics of	-Recognise and examine the features of volcanoes -Recognise and examine the features of rivers -Describe and understand the water cycle -Recognise and examine the features of mountains -Use key geographical vocabulary relating to a specific topic e.g. tributaries, meander, magma, lava chamber, tectonic plates etc.	-Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including the distribution of natural resources including energy  -Comment on land-use patterns within the United Kingdom and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.  -Describe and understand key aspects of human geography in relation to economic activity including trade links.

		Cancer, equator, vegetation belt etc.		-Understand and use a wide range of geographical vocabulary relating to a specific topic e.g. fair trade, trade links, climate change etc.
Geographical skill	s and fieldwork			
Map, atlases and globe skills.	-Begin to use map symbols and keys to locate informationBegin to use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries.	-To use map symbols and keys to locate information.  -To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping graphs to locate countries and describe features studied.  -Begin to use ordnance survey maps.  -To use graphs, satellite images and aerial photography to identify geographical changes over time.	-To use map symbols, keys and scales to locate information.  -To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.  -To use ordnance survey maps.  -To use graphs, satellite images and aerial photography to explain geographical changes over time.	-To use map symbols, keys and scales to locate information confidently.  -To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied confidently.  -To use ordnance survey maps accurately and confidently.  -To use plans, graphs, satellite images, aerial photography and digital technology to observe, measure and record human and physical features as well as explaining geographical changes over time.

Fieldwork skills		-To use fieldwork to observe,	-To use fieldwork to observe,	
		measure and record the	measure and record the human	
		human and physical features	and physical features in the local	
		in the local area using a range	area using a range of methods,	
		of methods including graphs.	including sketch maps, plans and	
			graphs, and digital technologies.	
		Local area walk - environment	Local river walk	
		survey		
	-Use 4 compass points to	-Use 4 compass points well.	-Use 8 compass points to	-Use 8 compass points
	follow/give directions.	Begin to use 8 compass points	describe the location of	confidently and accurately
Compass skills			features and routes on a map.	to describe the location of
and grid	-Use letter/no. coordinates	-Use letter/no. coordinates to		features and routes on a map.
references	to locate features on a map.	locate features on a map	-Begin to use 4 and 6 figure	
references		confidently.	coordinates to locate features	-Use 4 and 6 figure
			on a map.	coordinates confidently to
				locate features on a map.